

THE BRANDON MAN.

VOL. 10. NO. 35

BRANDON MAN, THURSDAY AUGUST 17, 1893.

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Offers every comfort for \$2.00 per day and upwards. It has all out side rooms: Practically Fire Proof, with three Exits; can accommodate 250 guests. Its location excels any other in Chicago.

Our motto is PLEASE ALL

C. CHILDMAN

Rob Roy.

This play was performed at the City Hall on Friday and Saturday last to a fairly good audience. With the exception of two (Mr. McKay, Rob Roy, and Scott McAllister, Dugald) all the performers were local talent.

To criticize amateurs is very difficult and in many cases unfair. In this play the time for rehearsal was short and as a consequence mistakes were excusable. The professional gentlemen were good, and Scott McAllister received well merited praise for the manner in which he played the Highlandman, Baillie Nichol Jarvie, (James Kircaldy) was especially good from commencement to end, Mrs. Douglas, as Helen McGregor, had a difficult part which she both played and looked well in. Miss Lee, as Diana Vernon, acted her part well, and sang her songs most effectively. Her role was a difficult one rendered more so, by the acting of her inanimate lover Francis Oslabidstone, whose part ought to be less difficult by having the sympathy of the audience with him. Dr. McInnis as "Rashleigh" the villain of the piece acted well and looked like the character, and he could we think have played the role of his cousin considerably better than it was played, and might have sung the songs as well. The soldiers and Highlanders deserved praise for the efficient manner in which they performed their duties etc. W. Henderson must not be forgotten, his part was well done. It is needless to say that the ladies all looked well, the dresses and scenery were good and taken as a whole a difficult and long piece was fairly well played.

The Baptist Pic-nic.

This picnic took place at the Experimental Farm last Thursday. Though the day was not all that could be wished, still it was preferable to the very hot days in the early part of the week. A very large number of the scholars and teachers were present at 1 o'clock and departed for the grounds in wagons, carriages and T. E. Kelly's bus. The good things in the eatable and drinkable line were sent to the farm in a day.

The sports which were very successful under the management of Mr. Lumbert and they resulted as follows:—

BOYS' RUNNING RACE.

100 yards, 12 to 15 years. 1st—F. Chubb 2nd—O. Brain.

GIRLS' RUNNING RACE.

75 yards, 12 to 15 years. 1st—Eunice Graham, 2nd—Agnes Miller.

BOYS' RACE.

100 yards, 9 to 12. 1st—James Graham, 2nd—Geo. McKee.

GIRLS' RACE.

75 yards, 9 to 12. 1st—Mary Baird, 2nd—Ethel Wilcocks.

BOYS' RACE.

50 yards, 6 to 8 years. 1st—Dan Graham 2nd—Cliff Stewart.

GIRLS' RACE.

30 yards, 6 to 8 years. 1st—Clara Stewart 2nd—Clara Bell.

BOYS' RACE.

50 yards, 6 years and under. 1st—Leo Goldstone, 2nd—Cliff Stewart, 3rd—Harold Wilcocks.

GIRLS' WALKING RACE.

100 yards, 12 to 15 years. 1st—Percy Noot 2nd—Ed. Taylor.

GIRLS' WALKING RACE.

75 yards, 12 to 15 years. 1st—Eunice Graham, 2nd—Agnes Miller.

GIRLS' WALKING RACE.

75 yards, 9 to 12 years. 1st—Bessie Daniels, 2nd—Mary Baird.

BOYS' RACE.

1st—Ed. Nicklin, 2nd—Oscar Brain.

GIRLS' RACE.

1st—Emily Herbert, 2nd—Agnes Miller.

THREE LEGGED RACE.

50 yards, 1st—Brain and Noot, 2nd—Craig and Nicklin.

BOYS' BEAR RACE.

50 yards, 1st—Geo. McKee, 2nd—Frank Goldstone.

PROG. RACE.

30 yards, 1st—Geo. McKee, 2nd—Frank Goldstone.

Dreadful Disaster at Sea.

The Spanish steamer San Juan left Hong Kong for Manila with a full crew and all the Chinese that could be stowed away. Thirty miles off Dringway point wreck was discovered between decks. Two life boats were destroyed by the flames and the others were captured by the Chinese. Sharks made short work of those in the water, and in this manner the second engineer, steward and second officer lost their lives. The fire being discovered the Chinese ran up the rigging and other high places. As the fire increased in intensity the poor wretches dropped on the deck into the fire. Others jumped overboard and were devoured by the sharks. Those who reached one of the boats filled it to excess and the sharks leaped into the air to snatch their prey. The panic was fearful. The Chinese were huddled together and filled the air with their moans. The fore and aft parts of the burning vessel were full of people imploring assistance, and the central portion of the vessel was like a crater of a volcano. The sharks came in droves and hundreds of them could be seen round the blazing steamer. The fireman succeeded in reaching one of the overturned boats and righted her. He then went to the others and managed to get two more of them on an even keel. They were all kept at a distance of twenty feet from the ship. The fire was extinguished and the ship was towed to Manila on fire.

them had to run the gauntlet of the sharks. In this way 98 persons escaped and reached shore after sixteen hours of hard rowing. They at once telegraphed for assistance and the steamer San Antonio was sent out. When she reached the vessel three Chinese more dead than alive were found in the rigging. Including the officers and crew there were 283 on board, so that the sharks and flames must have devoured 182. The San Juan was towed into Manila on fire.

METHODIST S.S. CONVENTION.

Held at Souris Aug. 3rd and 4th.

Brandon County S. S. Association Fourth annual convention held in the Methodist Church, Souris, Thursday and Friday, Aug. 3rd and 4th, 1893. At 3.10 the convention was called to order by Mr. W. H. Irwin, of Brandon, who in the absence of the president took the chair. After singing an opening hymn prayer was read by Rev. J. C. Walker, of Souris, and E. A. Driscoll, of Souris. The convention was then declared open.

The minutes of the session for 1891 were read by Mr. Laidlaw, the acting secretary, and adopted.

The chairman then named as a committee on resolutions, Mr. John Colmuge, of Souris, and Mr. L. G. Giesold, who have power to add to their numbers.

Rev. J. C. Walker was called upon and gave an address on "Bright Beginnings." He dwelt upon the necessity of beginning all things, important or unimportant, with prayer.

Then in connection with S. S. work each teacher and worker should consecrate his life to God and by carefully preparing the lesson and seeking for the Spirit of God to rest upon him he shall be enabled to present God's Word to the children in a way that they may understand.

After singing Mrs. W. F. Crafts, of Pittsburg, Penn., was called upon to address the convention upon the "Scope and aim of S. S. work." She began by speaking upon the four principles which make "for righteousness" in the life of a child. This was represented by the four phases of the moon being lighted in its different quarters until it reaches the full and so the following things tend to make the child a perfect man.

1st, The Family. The influence of the home upon the child is very great. God's Laws should be in the parents' hearts and made manifest in their lives, so God's Laws should be in the hearts of the children.

2nd, The Church. She urged the attendance of children at church even though they cannot understand yet they learn to behave and to cultivate the habit of attending church and as they grow they will soon learn to learn and profit by the ministrations of God's house.

3rd, The Sunday School. Something upon the plan of the junior endeavor. The children to lead them and take part in them. These meetings should be under the direction of a member person. The children will learn to work and pray for Jesus.

4th, The Sunday School. Some people forget that the S. S. is only a part, only one factor among others for the training of children. If the entire work be placed upon the S. S. the work will prove a failure. All these must be put together for the up building of the child.

The S. S. is a department of the church in which the word of God is taught for the purpose of bringing souls to Christ and of building souls up in Christ. The aim of the teachers should be to apply saving truth and living grace to the hearts of the children. She then spoke upon the duty of the church towards the Sunday School.

1. Sympathy on the part of the church towards the Sunday School as shown by an occasional visit from the pastor, and the church to provide sittings for the children who have not got them, to hold religious meetings, and by receiving them as members of the church. Mr. Moody says there is more infidelity upon this subject in the church than upon any other.

2. The church should support the Sunday School. For the following reasons: (a) If it does, it will pay for it. (b) It will not limit of doubtful means of raising money. (c) Expenses will be regulated.

3. The churches should superintend the school, control and direct it. The church and the school should be in harmony with one another. The teachings of the Sunday School and every judicious tenant of the Sunday School a good member of the church, and give as far as possible some work to do.

After making the announcements and singing "Work for the night is coming" Rev. Bro. Hillien dismissed with prayer.

EVENING SESSION 8.15 P. M.

After devotional exercise Rev. Chas. Wood, of Souris, gave an address of welcome in which all were welcomed to the town. Then an anthem was rendered by the choir and a reply made by one of the delegates. Another anthem was rendered and Rev. H. C. Mason, of Brandon, spoke on the "Influence of the School upon the home." This has not at all times been what it should be, for it has at times led the school do all the work, this is not as it should be for the home should do its part. It should be our aim to use every possible means to make the world better. The Sunday School has often been the means of converting individuals and they in their turn have made the home happy and prosperous.

Mrs. W. F. Crafts, then spoke upon

the rules for teachers successful teaching. 1st. Adaptive. A child cannot think as a man but a man can think as a child. 2nd. Co-operative. 3rd. System. 4th. Illustrative. 5th. Repetitive. 6th. Variety. 7th. Definiteness. This closed the evening session, all being greatly interested and profited by the address of Mrs. Crafts. The collection was taken up and benediction pronounced.

MORNING SESSION, AUG. 4TH.

Convention called to order by Rev. J. W. Bruce, singing "Come thou Fount of blessing" and prayer by Rev. J. C. Walker and G. H. Lang. The minutes were then read and adopted. A verbal report from a number of Sunday Schools, in which there were signs of increasing interest and prosperity. The convention then appointed a press committee, composed of Rev. H. E. Hetherington, B. A. J. Daly and Rev. O. Riddell, of Barber.

After singing again Rev. B. W. Allison of Hintonburg was called upon and read a paper on "Hints for country Sunday Schools." He dwelt upon the necessity of having a good library composed of the best books obtainable also the procuring of good papers, and having the most possible teachers, chosen from the best religious and consecrated men and women in the church. He endeavored to impress upon all the duty of being faithful in all times and in all places, after which a lengthy discussion followed which was profitable to all. Each speaker admitted the disadvantages under which the country schools labored, and that special time should be given in our conventions to discussing topics pertaining to country Sunday School work. They then sang, "Work for the night is coming", and the meeting was dismissed by Rev. J. Urquhart.

AFTERNOON SESSION, 2.30 A. M.

Session opened by singing, "Dare to be a Daniel". Reading Deut. XXXI Chap. 1 to 13 and prayer by Revs. H. C. Mason and B. W. Allison.

The organization committee reported, which report was adopted as amended. The nominating committee then reported, and the following are the officers elected for the year: President, Y. F. Butcher, Brandon; Vice-President, Prof. McKee, Brandon; Secretary, A. C. Moore, Mr. Murry, Mr. Colwell and Mr. Vincent.

Next meeting to be held in Brandon, during the second week of July 1894.

A paper was then read by Mrs. Jas. Sherriff, of Brandon, on "Junior Endeavor." She began by speaking of the importance of Christian work among the young and of its lasting results, namely the 83 per cent of the membership of the church came from the Sunday School.

The aim of the junior endeavor is to teach the children to be working Christians. The vast majority of successful Christians began work here, they were 21 years of age. It was training school in kind led to them religious life, then the topic for study is always in line with the Sunday School lesson.

By keeping the pledge they learn to keep the promises which they make. In the Endeavor they learn to pray, to search the Bible and to set right as well as to speak. They are taught the responsibility of their influence one upon another, and before the trials and responsibilities of life came upon them they learn of the sweet of working for Christ. They will learn to be earnest and to respect and love that which is good and holy. Train up the child in the way he should go and when he is old he will not depart from it.

Miss Robinson spoke briefly upon Junior Endeavor in rural districts. She said that it could be successfully carried on and her remarks were based upon personal experience. A very short discussion followed and hymn 282 was sung after which a prayer by Prof. McKee of Brandon was called for and in his absence it was read by Miss Robinson.

In his paper the professor said that the Sunday School teacher should learn something of the right methods of teaching. At times Sunday Schools are injured by an injudicious choice of teachers. Choose the very best men and women that you can find.

Then a teacher should not be cold and distant with his pupils. He should by his example in and out of the class room seek to soften the lives and hearts of the children. He should not be too self content but should in all things do his best and then depend upon God. A true teacher seeks the salvation of the children under him and afterwards feeds them with the word that they may gain thereby and leads them into higher planes of spiritual life.

A teacher should never lecture but always and in a loving manner teach the truths of the lesson, he should seek to speak to the individuals heart and endeavor to make the very best use of his time by not dwelling too long upon the minor points of the history and the geography of the lesson and there should be a methodical study of the lesson and Bible at large. Seek to present and impress the practical truths of the lesson and always close the discussion whenever it leaves the lesson and above all seek the power and inspiration of the Holy Spirit.

In the short discussion which followed the important points of this able paper were brought out. Messrs. Lang, Walker and Irwin and others took part in it. This was followed by a "Normal Lesson" on the "New Testament World" by Mrs. Crafts.

She drew a map of the New Testament world, making the countries cities etc., tracing Paul's missionary journeys and ending with him in Rome. She then gave some of her personal experiences while in the famous city. She visited the famous house of Paul and the prison where he was confined, and a number of other interesting places. Then followed a short discussion upon "Normal Work" and the necessity of training and fitting

teachers so that they may teach God's Word more thoroughly. Hours of adjournment having arrived, the convention sang "Scarlet seeds of kindness" and the session was closed with the benediction.

EVENING SESSION, 8.15.

Session called to order by the Rev. A. E. Hetherington B. A. of Daly. "Only an Armour Bearer" was sung after which Revs. S. Riddell and J. W. Kidd, lead in prayer. Mrs. Irwin then took the chair and called upon Rev. G. H. Lang, of Souris, who addressed the meeting on "Some of the personal qualifications of a teacher."

1st. He must have a knowledge of the lesson and its surroundings, also a personal knowledge of Christ as his individual Saviour and helper. He should ask himself the question, how much is there in this lesson for me; and seek to incorporate the truths into his own life.

2nd, Ability to impart knowledge. Some have this as a natural gift and all should seek to cultivate and acquire it. The more we use our God given powers, the more we will have to use.

3rd, Skill to mould character of children. Character is founded by our lives, our habits and the performing of these duties which devolve upon us as individuals in contact with the world. In every lesson taught Christ should be in some way presented to the children. A teacher should be lovable and enter into the sermons, joys, hopes etc. of the children. He should have a great interest in his class. He should recognize them in the street and where ever else he may meet them. This interest should be carried throughout the week. If you have not all these qualifications naturally, you may acquire them. Above all seek to have the fullest possible equipment for this great work.

An anthem was then rendered by the choir and Mrs. Crafts again addressed the convention. Her subject was "The Tabernacle of which she had a model on the scale of half an inch to the foot. This address was not only interesting but instructive, and throughout the entire address she had the closest attention of the large audience, as she depicted to them the workings of the tabernacle. A very hearty vote of thanks was given to Mrs. Crafts and to others for their efforts to make the convention a success.

Mr. W. H. Irwin was elected to represent the county in the international Sunday School convention to be held in St. Louis this year.

The minutes were adopted and Mr. Irwin then briefly addressed the convention, upon the shortness of time and the duty we all owe to God and man, to faithfully discharge every duty which devolves upon us.

The Doxology was then sung, the benediction pronounced by Rev. H. E. Hetherington, B. A. of Souris, and the convention was declared closed.

Great Britain's Wins.

Ottawa, Aug. 15.—Hon. Mr. Bowell read the following cablegram from Sir John Thompson the afternoon. "A telegram concluded and agreed delivered at noon. All questions of right are decided in favor of Britain. Future sailing is prohibited in May, June, July and Indians are forbidden in Bearing Sea, firearms on the coast excepted Tupper and I sail by the Parisian on Thursday."

CONFIRMED AT WASHINGTON.

Washington, Aug. 15.—The secretary of state has received cable advices from Paris which confirm the united press dispatch that the decision of the arbitration tribunal on all points involving exclusive jurisdiction over Behring Sea has been rendered against the United States.

The inference is that under the last of the five points submitted to arbitration by article 6 of the treaty, that concessions as to a close season, a sixty mile protected zone and the prohibition of the use of firearms apply. The fifth point was one on which the greatest stress was laid in the argument by the United States counsel. It raised the question whether the United States had any right of protection or property in the fur seals frequenting the islands of Behring Sea outside of the three mile limit. The preliminary abstract of the decision recorded is regarded here as implying that the tribunal has conceded this right, only in the future seal life will be protected by virtue of an international agreement entered into under the award of arbitration and not solely by authority of the United States statute. The full text of the award is anxiously awaited.

A Large Diamond.

The largest diamond in the world has been found lately at Jagersfontein, South Africa, June 26th 1893. Its weight is 971 carats, its color blue-white and almost perfect. Of course as it is uncut its value is not known though it is said that \$500,000 would not buy it. The diamond was found by a Kaffir, who was working in the mine, and he was presented with a horse, saddle, bridle etc. worth \$150. Curiously a gentleman had a contract to buy all diamonds, good, bad, indifferent, that came out of the mine at so much a carat. This contract expired on the day of the find. This extraordinary large diamond is on show in London England. It is three inches in height and two in width.

Mr. Glass has been down in the neighborhood of Malabar procuring minerals. He got a carload on Tuesday last and is now ready to do all kinds of fine castings, as the sand is splendid. He would like those who need castings of any kind to give him a call.

The Recognized Standard BRANDS

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"Kicker,"
"Cable."

Universally acknowledged to be superior in every respect to any other brands in the market. Always reliable, as has been fully demonstrated by the millions that are sold annually and the increasing demand for them, notwithstanding an increased competition of over one hundred and twenty-five factories. This fact speaks volumes. We are not cheap cigar manufacturers.

S. Davis & Sons,
MONTREAL.
Largest and Highest Grade Cigar Manufacturers in Canada.
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"CABLE EXTRA"

CIGAR?

BRANDON MAIL.

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 17th, 1893.

THE MAIL has the Largest Circulation of any Newspaper in Brandon. Our Books are open for inspection to our Advertisers. Circulation over 1500.

ITS CONSISTENCY.

How a man gifted with ordinary reason can read a paper like the Winnipeg Tribune, and accept it as authority on anything political is beyond the power of comprehension. Hear it when dealing with the forecast of the next federal election.

Probably also there will be promises of tariff reform just as there were of reciprocity at the last election. Are the Conservative farmers then going to vote themselves and their country under the tariff again, under the incompetent Ottawa administration, the corruption of Cameron and the mediocrity of Sir John Thompson simply because a man comes round to talk claptrap and make worthless promises to them?

Now, granting, and we are ready to grant it, that the Conservative party have made some promises they have not fully carried out, how will voting for their opponents secure as rulers a party of consistency? In 1875 the tariff under Cartwright was raised from 15 to 17 1/2 per cent. If Free Trade is the thing for Canada why did they not give it to us then? In the last general election it was Commercial Union with the States, and the Tribune supported it. Why did it not advocate a revenue tariff then? Now, however, when the Grits find the electors will have nothing to do with the Grit nostrums of the past, it falls in with their bait for big fish. The Conservative Government are we assured should be beaten because it has not carried out all its election promises, and the party of reaction, this, was to advance the tariff, we assured the electors Commercial Union, UNRESTRICTED RECIPROCITY, and Free Trade in turn were the things for Canada, must be placed in their shoes. If the print had honesty in any proportion to its cheek, it would simply tell the electors the Conservatives had broken some of their promises, and the Grits had defied every position they had ever taken with the hope of getting office through it, and the electors should make a choice between the parties. Will the organ of "independence" do it?

We find some Grits who say that we do not go far enough in considering the tariff on implements, and some of the old school Tories saying our advocate, carried out, would give the Canadian field to the American plow which they are not prepared to approve. In a word both are wrong, as one practical illustration will explain. Just the other day Mr. S. Harris, of Griswold, a gentleman whose word every one will accept, told us a dealer in the States offered him from two to five Deering mowers laid down in Fargo, at \$100 each, cash. Now a through shipment, \$15 apiece would cover the freight to Griswold, so the total duties on machines would be \$15 at home. In Brandon, one day, an equally reliable farmer the writer paid the Massey,

Harris Co. \$145 for a Toronto machine on a three months note. As \$5.00 is a big interest on such a note the price may be put down as \$140 cash. Now assuming the machines are equal, the Manitoban pays just \$25 too much for the Canadian implement. If the Toronto binder cost the Manitoban, say \$120, and no more, which would be allowing Massey-Harris & Co. \$5.00 extra, because of the higher freight, the mail would not be found advocating the reduction of tariff on binders. We do not want to see Canadian money supporting American institutions, but we are equally against having struggling farmers in the North-west unnecessarily burdened to support Canadian institutions. The protective tariff was designed solely as a measure to enable these Canadian manufacturers to get on their feet to stand competition, and when they are able to compete with Americans in outside countries, and to take money out of their business and invest it in outside enterprises the end for which the protective system was inaugurated, is fully accomplished. Surely all our readers Grit and Tory can easily understand this.

A DANIEL IN JUDGMENT.

At length our good brother Hall, of the Times, has come out in his future jacket, and has pronounced himself a thorough Grit. For a time, as a marine would say, he lay in the trough, but when the Tories, as the boys say, would not "catch on," he jumped out of ambush, and has now on his war paint, and feathers in favor of the Greenway Administration. Like Rip Van Winkle after a long slumber, he commences by calling new names, and of course Mr. Roblin falls in for a share of his shattered lash. Because that gentleman has chosen to question the propriety of the way the Greenway Government is conducting things at Chicago, he is called "a renegade." In this his choice of Billingsgate he is unhappy. If Brother Hall's memory will only carry him back, we may tell him that the Premier he now adores is a renegade, if the expression he fancies is a choice one. That gentleman ran three times as a Tory in South Huron and turned over, for the sake of an election by acclamation, and an emigration agency to this country. Again the Finance Minister in the MacKenzie Government, and the Moses that is again, in Grit eyes designed to free Canada from bondage, was elected a Tory to the Federal house on five different occasions. We may carry the reference farther and say that Mr. Gladstone made some of his most vigorous speeches in the English parliament a Tory, and we hesitate not to say even our good brother Hall would have awoke from his independent slumber a Tory, if he saw the pastures greenest on that side of the fence. From this it will at least be seen the Greenways have no laurels to win by crying "renegade" in short no party has unless the motives that turn men can be successfully attacked.

Next the print attacks "The Free Press, Linton, McArthur etc." which latter expression Brother Hall fully understands, as he was schooled that way. He says the cause of their quarrel is a dead issue, and no power of man can "recusitate it." Well, if a gentleman whose own politics are of the slippery elm class cannot "recusitate it," no one else need attempt the "recusitating." We are told the people have set in judgment on Greenway's action on the Separate Schools, the Hudson's Bay Railway and other questions. Pray when? Let us know, please, when Greenway asked the people whether they wanted the Hudson's Bay R.R. For instance, up to the moment he was bought up by the N.P.R. and the C.P.R. in turn, he proclaimed for this northern route, and the reckoning is yet to come. We are aware that when Mr. Greenway should say or do was pronounced upon by a cash expenditure and begins where at the last election, but this question was never submitted to an unbiased list of the laudable electors of the country.

The Mail is not an apologist for the Free Press, in any particular, but when a "fairly good" journalist says that paper, in its criticism of the Chicago exhibit, "has stopped to bring reproach on the country," it says what is not true. The F.P. has never said the exhibit was a reproachful one, but it has said; and every sensible man must repeat, that the government had made a mistake in making an exhibit and a mistake of that of the Canadian, that it has the exhibit in an out of the way place, and that a mistake worse than all was made when the hotel venture was entered into. This surely is no reproach on Manitoba capabilities to produce agricultural products, whatever may be said of the judgment of its electors in the selection of a cabinet Ministers. Can the "Free Press" see the point through its new Time? "Greenway's" English, we are next told, is "not a bad one." Can thinking men hold there are "not a bad one" course pursued by the F.P. W. W. fancy that our own language is the English one, then from us say nothing of its political position. Let our neighbor add up

numbers on both sides and report next issue.

Before closing with the Platonic expression "Let us be just in our words of praise or censure" the modern Demos-the-says, in reference to Mr. Roblin, the disgruntled Grit or Tory would not be the man who would be asked to endorse the party he had deserted, but leaves the public in doubt as to what Mr. Greenway intends to do over the grave of Judge Squires, for buying him over to the support of his present love. A line in explanation, please.

Brother Bailey of the Wawanesa Enterprise thinks that Mr. Cliffe, of the Mail, has changed his political coat and ejaculates. Let us see: During our acquaintance with Mr. Bailey himself he veered thus: In Kincardine, Grit and Tory in turn; in Oakville, Tory and Grit alternately. In Southern Manitoba, Farmers Union, Grit, Greenwayite and anti Greenwayite, and now he sees a bend in some of his converts. He says Mr. Cliffe in the last contest used to say the exporters to Canada of American manufactures used to pay the duty. What we said then, we repeat now. It was that American manufacturers in some lines pay the duty and in others they pay it in part. In printing machinery, type etc. they allow a discount off to Canadian consumers equal to the duties, and to Canadian importers of farm machinery they allow from 10 to 20 per cent. Can Brother Bailey understand this? Next Mr. Cliffe is accused of going back on his past record as a protectionist. Nothing of the kind, and we defy the face of clay to prove it. At the introduction of the N. P. R. it was declared, it was not to be a permanent measure, but a transient one to enable Canadian manufacturers to get on their feet. As such he accepted it; and it is the evidence of consistency now to advocate its diminution or removal, according to circumstances, when the outside investments of manufacturers show they can afford to accept lower prices. It is we believe the part of a man to be convinced when fair evidence for conviction is at hand, and the part of a mule to be convinced never.

The Winnipeg Tribune, Greenway paper, makes the announcement from New York, that the Northern Pacific Railway has passed into the hands of a receiver—which, of course, means it is bankrupt. What do Greenway and Sifton and their admirers think of the spectacle now! In the presence of Sifton, Greenway told the people of Brandon, in the roller rink the N. P. R. was to give the farmers an extra 10 cents a bushel for their wheat; and now after gobbling well onto three quarters of a million of our money, for which the province stands mortgaged, we have nothing but a bankrupt railway. The indications now are that after the country has been rent with the cry of "disallowance" and the fragments are mortgaged for a competing road, the N. P. R. will pass into the hands of a company friendly to the C. P. R. and we will have practically the one railway. What do the electors think of the competition they got for the mortgage?

M. and N. W. R. Men Are Out.

The employees of the M. and N. W. Railway, have made an application to the court to have the receiver to pay the back wages of the men. The receiver has refused to do so. Mr. Allen was appointed receiver, but not those which were due when he was appointed. These amount to \$16,322. Judgment was delivered on Tuesday last, by Justice Killian adverse to the application of the men.

WHAT IT MEANS.

In conversation with an outside Railway man this afternoon, he summed up the situation in these words: The men have struck. A meeting of the men will be held to-night at the Grand Hotel. The result of the strike will paralyze all passenger and freight traffic between Portage la Prairie, Yorkton, Rapid City, and Lumsden and will put an end to all mail service and telegraph communication. People who have business in Winnipeg up in the line have been hurrying in to Winnipeg the last few days. The men have agreed to carry their trains to the end of any runs they were on at noon to-day. No violence is expected from the men, who are all old and trusted employees, but in such strikes the danger usually comes from sympathizers. Every precaution will be taken to prevent the damage and it is learned that the rolling stock leased by the company is being centered at Portage la Prairie with the view of bringing it into Winnipeg. Everyone interested in the company, with the exception of the English bondholders of the first 180 miles, has apparently put forth every effort to maintain the operation of the road. The only opposition has come from those bondholders who apparently have no regard for the public, and who, to secure an advantage, over the others, interested in the road are prepared to close the road to the public in order to secure their point.

It is that every employee of the company have left their work with the exception of the treasurer and general superintendent.

Blaze in Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Minn., Aug. 17.—The lumber yards at the city of Minneapolis were on fire this afternoon. Over 1,000 persons

are rendered homeless. This is the record made by the destroying element in the short space of two hours. A kind providence and not the fire department or the feeble efforts of owners of threatened property saved the greatest portion of the manufacturing and residence portions of the east side. The fire had gained such headway that no human agency could quench it, and only a change in the direction of the wind prevented. An awful conflagration, the changing of the wind saved the entire milling industry of Minneapolis and innumerable homes. Some of the firemen were injured, but there has been no loss of life reported.

Shipwrecked Sailors.

London, Aug. 14.—The British bark, Grivau, Capt. Angus, which sailed from Newcastle, N. S. W., June 5 for San Francisco, foundered during a gale off Howe Island. Her crew with the exception of the carpenter, who was drowned have arrived at Norfolk Island.

Last Week's Cattle Exports.

Montreal, Aug. 14.—Live stock shipments were more than brisk during the past week, no less than 4,369 head of cattle being sent away up to Saturday afternoon.

Editor of the Mail.

Dear Sir:—In a city the size of Brandon there should be a great deal of care taken that the powder stored away in the numerous stores should be placed in such a position that every fireman, without any extra effort on his part, would be able to lay his hands on it, at once, to carry it out of the reach of danger. It is said by those who have a right to know that the firemen are exposed to much unnecessary danger and it is but right that there should be something done to avert it. As there is no arsenal provided it is, certainly only reasonable that the Live Chat and all his men should know the precise location of every 25lb. keg of powder in the city. A word to the wise is sufficient.

CIVIL.

Post Office NOTICE.

OFFICE HOURS:

This Office is open Daily, Sundays excepted, from 8 a.m. until 7 p.m., and for box holders from 8 30 a.m. to 9 15 p.m.

MAILS FOR DESPATCH ARE CLOSED AT THIS OFFICE AS FOLLOWS:

For the east, daily at 7 p.m.
" local, daily, except Sun. at 7 p.m.
" we, daily, at 10 45 a.m.
" local, daily, except Sun. at 7 p.m.
For Rapid City, daily except Sun. at 12 45 p.m.
" Souris Branch, Mon., Wed. & Fri. at 12 p.m.
" N.P.R. branch, Tues., Thurs. & Sat. at 7 a.m.
" Hayfield, Tues. and Fri. at 7 a.m.
" Forest, Fri. at 12 30 p.m.

MAILS ARRIVING AT THIS OFFICE ARE DUE AS FOLLOWS:

From the east, daily, at 11 a.m.
" local, daily, except Sun. at 8 40 p.m.
" we, daily, at 6 25 p.m.
" local, daily, except Sun. at 7 30 a.m.
From Rapid City, daily except Sun. at 10 30 a.m.
" Souris branch, Tues., Thurs. & Sat. at 12 30 p.m.
" N.P.R. branch, Mon., Wed. & Fri. at 8 30 p.m.
" Hayfield, Tues. and Fri. at 6 30 p.m.
" Forest, Fri. at 10 30 a.m.

Money order office from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. Letters for registration must be posted half an hour previous to the time for closing mails.
Post Office at Brandon, 1st June, 1893.
J. C. KAVANAGH, Postmaster.

FRUIT. FRUIT.

WE ARE

Right in the Fruit Business for the Next two or three weeks.

BLUEBERRIES, PEACHES, PLUMS, PEARS, GREEN APPLES, MELONS.

Sugars, Sugars.

We have laid in a Heavy Stock at low prices, specially for the preserving season.

Butter and Eggs Wanted.

The Whitelaw Trading Co.

125 Illustrations

Are Contained in

THE "MANITOBA"

"World's Fair Number"

The General Verdict is:—

"What a Beautiful Work of Arts
Price 25 Cents

We will send one FREE to those who subscribe now at the following rates:

TILL JAN 1895 - - - \$1.25
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WINNIPEG, MAN.

A FEW PLUMS!

In the Line of

BOOTS and SHOES.

Ladies' Fine Slippers	\$1.10	formerly \$1.75
" " But. Boots	\$1.10	" \$1.75
" " " "	\$1.75	" \$2.75
" " " "	\$2.00	" \$3.25
" " Low Slippers	\$1.10	" \$1.65
" " " "	95 c.	" \$1.20
Misses' Laced Boots	75 c.	" \$1.25
" " " "	\$1.10	" \$1.75
" " " "	95 c.	" \$1.50
Children's " Kid But. Boots	75 c.	" \$1.25
" " Tan Shoes	95 c.	" \$1.70
Boys' " Boots	80 c.	" \$1.25
" " " "	\$1.00	" \$1.50
Mens' " " "	\$1.00	" \$1.50
" " " "	\$1.50	" \$2.50
" " Congress Boots	\$1.75	" \$2.75
" " Low Shoes	\$1.00	" \$1.50
" " " "	\$1.75	" \$2.75

We have too many new Shoes No. 6, which we will sell at 10 per cent less than Manufacturers cost.

Produce Taken.

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Cor. 8 St., Rosser Ave.

Brandon, Manitoba.



100

ICE! ICE!

THE EARLE ICE CO.

Want to keep you cool by supplying you with clear, pure ice at very reasonable rates.

10 to 12 lbs per day delivered to private families at \$2 per month or \$7.50 for the season.

Special low rates to parties using large quantities.

Call up Telephone 170 and we will call upon you.

EARLE ICE CO.

LOCAL NEWS.

Dr. Stoyte and Jas. Hartney M. P. P. spent a day in Brandon last week.

The Misses Smith, two of Brandon's teachers, have been spending their holidays with Mrs. E. Bunt, of Virden.

John Hattie, M. P. P., of Boissevain, was in the city last week.

Miss Gibson, of Paris, Ont., has arrived in the city on a visit to her brother, J. S. Gibson.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Adams are on their return trip from the east, but are staying over for a few days in Chicago.

Mr. Zink, the well known boot maker of Rossar Ave., has returned from his long visit to California.

The Rev. Professor Grant, of Queen's University, Kingston, will deliver a lecture on the "Making of Canada" on August 28th.

Dr. Doering at one time a dentist practising in Brandon, and who has been spending a few days in the city left Thursday.

Mr. Davidson, of the Imperial Bank, has returned from his trip to Rat Portage. He thinks that the latter place is a most enjoyable one to put in your holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Jackson, who have been for sometime travelling in the west, have returned looking much better in health.

Mr. Hardie left last week for Ontario, to attend the opening of the Millinery Fall goods, and to make her purchases. She will visit the World's Fair before her return.

Mr. H. L. Adolphe, of the law firm of Sifton & Philip, has gone down to Souris accompanied by his sister, to look after his farm. It is his intention to be absent about a couple of weeks.

Nineteen persons were up before P.M. Todd, on Thursday afternoon. They were denizens and frequenters of the eastern houses. The city was enriched to the tune of nearly \$300.00.

The friends of Mrs. M. H. King, formerly in business here but now of Estevan, will regret to hear of her sudden death last week. The deceased was a daughter of Mrs. MacFarlane, of the city and sister of T. D. MacFarlane of Brandon.

Mr. Williams, a member of the Hembert concert company, was band conductor in the famous 2nd Regt., "Black Watch". When he was here he was pined and surprised to see a "brilliant Scot" and fellow member of the distinguished Regt. in our Chief of Police, Jas. Kircaldy.

The shooting case came up before P.M. Todd at 11 o'clock Saturday morning. The prisoner, John Clowes, was charged with "shooting with intent." The evidence was in substance a repetition of what has already appeared in our columns. The prisoner was fully committed to trial.

Mr. Osler, of Kilmuir, Forfarshire, Scotland, who has been stopping at the Grand View Hotel, is one of the delegates picked out by the subscribers of the "Dundee Courier" to visit the World's Fair. Mr. Daly, the Minister of interior on hearing of their arrival in this country, got them to visit Manitoba. Mr. Osler is reticent in giving an opinion of the country.

We are sorry to hear that we are possibly to lose our genial and efficient Chief of Police. When last Sunday's express passed through the Bailie Nichol livery met Mr. Irving, the great English actor, who having heard of our chief's success, offered him a position to play the Grave digger in Hamlet. It is understood the chief replied "Ma Conscience."

Mr. Wood, general manager of the Freehold Lumber Savings Company, in company with Mr. J. B. Russell and Co., managers of Manitoba, have been driving through the country on their annual tour of inspection. Mr. Wood is of the opinion that the average crop may be 10 bushels to the acre for this year. He thinks the wheat crop for the past years has been grossly exaggerated and that it was probably about 10 to 17 bushels to the acre. Oats may go 40 bushels to the acre but if they do they will be doing well.

L. Lang, of Winnipeg, was in the city all last week and left last Monday.

W. H. Hooper went out on Tuesday to his farm near Lake Clementi.

Quite a number of men have of late been employed repairing our side walks and putting the streets in order.

Mr. R. Neville, of a successful farmer in the neighborhood of Alexandria, left Wednesday last for Rat Portage.

Mr. Rae, of Rapid City, accompanied by his wife were guest at the Langham last Monday.

Dr. Jukes, late Surgeon of the N.W.M.P., was visiting his son Mr. A. Jukes, manager of the Imperial Bank here.

Brandon representatives were successful in several of the provincial rifle matches, held in Winnipeg last week.

The commercial college department of the Brandon Academy opened on Tuesday last. Regular classes Tuesday and Thursday evenings.

Mr. Osler the Scotch gentleman, who has been staying at the Grand View, was very well pleased with the representation of Rob Roy.

Wheat has taken a rise in the Chicago market. It is to be hoped that the rise will continue. At present prices, there is no money in it.

The good had a portion of the roof torn off Monday afternoon and one of the large trees in front of Dr. Moore's was snapped in two.

Mr. Cliffe, of the MAIL, leaves for Toronto, to-morrow. He will join Mrs. Cliffe in that city, and both will return via Chicago taking in the big show.

Mr. J. D. Kennedy, the local manager of the Ontario and Western Lumber Co., will travel on the road, for his company, as they are giving up their retail business.

Mr. W. Bell, accountant of the Imperial Bank, left last week on his annual two weeks' holiday. He intends going to Rat Portage which is becoming the fashionable resort for Manitoba.

Miss B. Haw, daughter of Mr. John Haw, 11th street, who received a second class certificate at the recent examination has been appointed to a school in the Municipality of Rockwood, north of Winnipeg.

Dr. Jukes, father of Mr. A. Jukes, and who has been surgeon at the Mounted Police head quarters, Regina, for some years has been superannuated. He was in the city last week on his return to the east.

The wind storm of Monday afternoon was one of the worst ever experienced in the city, the dust and gravel flying about were simply awful. It has we fear done considerable damage to the grain by threshing out the over-ripe and laying the crop that may be of heavy growth.

Mr. Sidney Hobbs of the Merchants Hotel, has returned with his wife and family from a two months' trip in the east. They visited their old home in Haldimand which Mr. Hobbs has not seen for 17 years. On their return two weeks were spent looking over the wonders of the World's Fair.

Mr. Marley, of Rounthwaite, accompanied by another gentleman and lady, met with a most unfortunate accident last Thursday. He was driving with his companions in a buggy when the horse bolted over a wire fence, throwing them all out. In the rig they had a under sickle, but strange to say, nobody was seriously hurt.

On Monday last the express from Winnipeg did not arrive on time, but was about 10 hours late, owing to one of the small bridges about two or three miles west of the Portage, having been burnt. It was ignited by a prairie fire passing over the country in that district. As soon as repaired the express proceeded west.

The Abbott Fax combination appears here on Monday, August 21st. From press reports they have a very favorable reputation. Mr. Abbott is a capable electionist and the name of Sam Fax is a household word in musical circles all over Canada. Miss M. T. Stevenson, a daughter of ex-mayor Stevenson, of Guelph, is a charming vocalist. Miss Nellie M. McHardy is a clever pianist, light in touch and strong in interpretation.

It appears Mr. C. F. Grundy does not take very kindly to our comments on his connection with the Newton Beers troupe, and he rushes into print to show his talent in the literary line. He says "Mr. Cliffe and his paper he" a very choice expression and that he can tell the truth but he won't. For his information we may, however, say that on the back of the plan of the hall used those two evenings there are two sets of figures totalling respectively \$158 and \$54, a strong proof to those who would be believe even if our other evidence was not available that the figures we gave as the receipts these evenings were correct. As a means of escaping from the charge that he refused to pay the troupe what he agreed to pay, he says his contract was for ten people and a satisfactory performance and he got a company of five and an inferior play. Alas! Then why did he not before a first night's performance send show Beers he did not keep his side of the agreement, and the contract was not binding? And again why did he not, when, after the first night, show Beers the play was inferior—the No. of actors was deficient and he would not consider himself bound to the terms of the contract? The reason is obvious. The first night netted Mr. Grundy a little money, and expecting the second would repeat the profit, he was willing to have the entire theatre going people imposed upon so long as he got a little "lure" out of the imposition. Very nice that, Mr. Grundy. How do you like it?

Take notice to The Whitlaw Trading Co. advertisement this week.

Mr. A. D. Rankin left on Monday night for the east. He will visit Scotland before his return.

Tamikaide Tea 50c., the tea everybody likes is only 50c. per lb. Sold by the Whitlaw Trading Co.

Mr. Thomas Harkness, received a carload of horses from the North West last Tuesday.

Call at Whitlows and get a pound of Tamikaide Tea at 50c. per lb. or get a sample which be pleased to give you.

Miss Hooper is prepared to receive pupils for instrumental music. For terms apply at residence Fourteenth Street and Princess Avenue.

Mr. Alex. Speers, of Graveland, is the first we hear of in this district to listen to the musical sound of the threshers. He commenced this week.

Squire Doran and Mrs. Doran left for Iroquois, Ont., yesterday where they are likely to spend the winter. Both leave in the best of health and spirits.

Mr. Taylor, late of Smith and Taylor, furniture dealers, is opening up in the old firm business stand 9th St., with a brand new outfit of every description. His first transaction is a large one, fitting out the Beaubien Hotel, which will be done within the next few days.

Mr. J. Hillyard Leach, and Mr. Geo. Leary, farmers in the Canadian Northwest, are visiting their native land, Ireland, and will take the opportunity of making known among their fellow countrymen the advantages of settlement on the prairie.—Canadian (a note).

Mrs. W. J. Ferguson has advertised to sell her household effects by Auction, on Wednesday afternoon next, at 2 o'clock. Everything in the house will be sold, silverware as well. The sale will take place at the house, Fifth Street, between Princess and Lorne Ave.

Little Jim, the well known trotting horse, owned by Steve White, of Virden, and also at one time the property of W. H. Greer, of Brandon, broke his leg at the former place this week and had to be shot. He had a record of 2:19.

Dr. Brereton, ex M. P. P. for East Durham, Ont., spent Tuesday in Brandon, visiting Mr. Cottingham. He has just come from the World's Fair and spent a few days with his brother, C. P. Brereton of Alexander. He was delighted with that part of the country.

Mr. Thomas Watson of 13th street is erecting a solid board fence, 7 feet high, around the back part of Dr. Fleming's residence on the corner of 7th street and Louise Avenue. He has sunk the posts 4 feet in the ground so that the wind cannot possibly disturb it. Mr. Watson is prepared to undertake such jobs and finish them up quickly at very reasonable rates.

On Monday last a picnic party, on their return from Lake Clementi, had a very exciting time. The fiery team driven by James Hamilton of the "Timber" took fright and dashed over the top of the hills of the prairie at a frightful rate. One of the horses kicked the traces free of the demerol and the team was stopped without further damage than that of having the party pretty well shaken up and scared.

Mr. Philip Francis and one of his men had a very narrow escape a few days ago while sinking the Electric light well. The man was down in the earth 72 feet when Mr. Francis thought he heard the creaking giving way. He immediately hauled up the man and then, jumping in to the bucket, he went down on a tour of inspection as well as for his tools, but on his way down he heard the timbers creaking like a ship at sea and before reaching bottom he yelled to be hauled up. No sooner was he at the mouth of the well than in tumbled the whole affair filling it up and burying the tools at a depth of over 70 feet.

Major Percy Lake, of H. M. 11th Regt., the newly appointed Quarter Master General of the Canadian Militia, is a son of Col. Lake's, of Grenfell, who was one of the English officers, appointed to a company in H. M. 10th Regt. when it was formed. He is also a nephew of Mrs. Phillips, of Eighth St. and Louise Ave. Some of the Canadian papers seem to object to the appointment, on the ground that a Canadian ought to be appointed—yet the gallant officer was we think, born in Canada. He has seen considerable active service and held some of the best staff appointments.

MARKETS.

The prices paid in the city to farmers at present are as follows:—

Wheat	40 to 45
Oats	20 to 25
Barley	20 to 25
Hay, per ton	from \$4.00 to \$5.00
Brain, none in the city	
Poultry, scarce	
Eggs, per doz.	10 to 12 1/2
Butter, per lb.	15 to 17
Potatoes	45
Beef, per lb., live weight	3 to 3 1/2
Mutton, per lb.	5 to 5 1/2
Pork, per lb.	4

A GOVERNOR SKIPS.

LONDON, August 9.—A despatch from Buenos Ayres states that Governor Costa of the province of Buenos Ayres, has resigned and fled in disguise from Lapata. In his farewell message to the legislature he charged the national government with abetting revolution and conniving at supplying the rebels with arms.

For Over Fifty Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. It disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child, suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth. Send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething. It will relieve the painfulness immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the gums and reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup."

The Family Medicine.

Trout Lake, Ont., Jan. 2, 1880.

W. H. Comerock, Brockville.

Dear Sir—For a number of years I have used and sold your "Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills." I consider them the very best for "Family Use," and all my customers speak highly of them.

Yours truly,
R. Lawson

The Summer

The greatest evidence of the dangers of Cholera, Malaria, Diarrhoea, and Dysentery, is the increase in the death rate of all the leading cities during the summer months. Men and women cannot be too careful of their habits of life during the hot terms, and particular attention should be paid to the diet of children. A supply of Perry Davis' Pain Killer should always be at hand, for it is the only medicine that can be relied on at all times as safe, sure and speedy. A teaspoonful will cure any ordinary case; but in severe attacks it is occasionally necessary to bathe the sufferer's stomach with the Pain Killer. All reputable druggists have it for sale. 25c. price per large bottle.

Low Rates to Chicago.

The Northern Pacific Railroad announces some extremely cheap excursion rates to Chicago and return for the benefit of World's Fair visitors.

Tickets on the basis of one fair for the round trip will be on sale at the Northern Pacific office on Monday, July 24th, 31st and Aug. 7th, limited to return from Chicago on trains leaving that city either four or eleven days from date of sale. For further particulars call at Northern Pacific Ticket office.

ALL MEN

Young, old or middle-aged, who find themselves nervous, weak and exhausted who are broken down from excess or over work, resulting in many of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, dimness of sight, palpitation of the heart, emissions, lack of energy, pain in the kidneys, head-aches, pimples on the face and body, dizziness or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dizziness, specks before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eyelids, and elsewhere, bashfulness, deposits in the urine, loss of will-power, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, dulness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes, surrounded with dark circles, oily looking skin, etc., are all symptoms of nervous debility that lead to insanity unless cured. The spring of vital force having lost its tension every function wanes in consequence. Those who through abuse, committed in ignorance, may be permanently cured. Send your address for book on diseases peculiar to man, sent free, sealed Address, M. V. LEBON, 24 Macdonnell Ave., Toronto, Ont.

High Healing Powers care possessed by Remedy Carboli Salve. The best remedy for Cuts, Burns, Sores and Wounds.

Pipe Smokers.

You may be satisfied with the brands of tobaccos you have been using for years. Grant it: that you are satisfied. As there is always room for improvement, we ask you to try our OTCUVA Plus, or cut smoking tobacco, and we believe you will be AFTER satisfied. In any case a trial won't hurt you. Don't delay upon the order of buying, but buy at once. Aug. 18 ad.

RICH PLUM PUDDING.

THIS delicious confection is nicely calculated to produce dyspepsia, heartburn, biliary troubles and headache. Burdock Blood Purifier is equally well calculated to cure these troubles and has proved its powers in hundreds of cases. R. B. B. regulates and purifies the entire system.

Mortgage Sale of Valuable Farm Properties

Under the virtue of the power of Sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

By WILLIAM H. HOOPER, Auctioneer

At his Auction Mart in the City of Brandon

On Saturday, Aug. 19th, 1893.

At 12 o'clock noon the following valuable Farm Properties, viz. All and singular those certain parcels or tracts of land, situate in the Province of Manitoba and being composed of the west half of Section number twenty-four (24), and the South-East quarter of Section number twenty-three (23), both in Township number twelve (12), in range number twenty-three (23), of the West of the 4th Meridian, in said province. The property will be put up at a certain parcel or tract of land, situate in the Province of Manitoba and being composed of the west half of Section number twenty-four (24), and the South-East quarter of Section number twenty-three (23), both in Township number twelve (12), in range number twenty-three (23), of the West of the 4th Meridian, in said province. 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